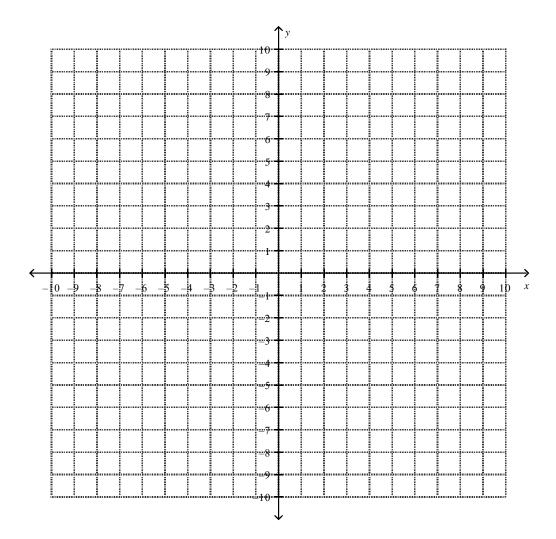
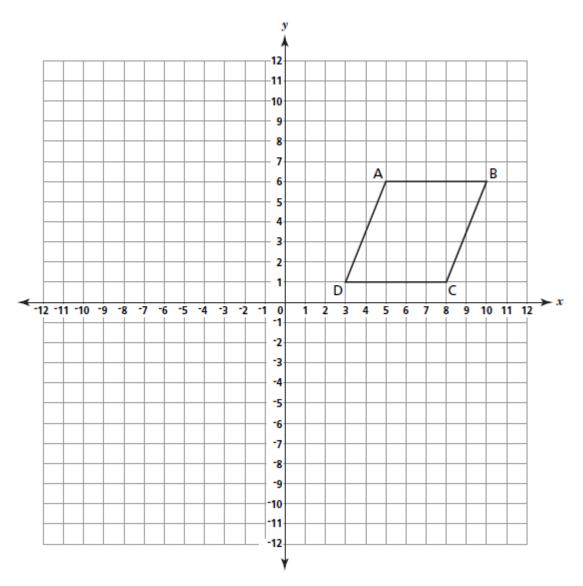
Name:	Class:
Unit 1 – Rotations Practice	Date:

**1. a)** Graph Triangle RST with vertices R(2, 3), S(5, 4), and T(4, 8).

**b**) Using the rule for a rotation of 90° counterclockwise, graph Triangle R'S'T' on the graph below and write the new coordinates.



2. Quadrilateral *ABCD* is plotted on the grid below.



## Part A

On the graph, draw the image of quadrilateral *ABCD* after a counterclockwise rotation of  $180^{\circ}$  about the origin. Label the image A'B'C'D'.

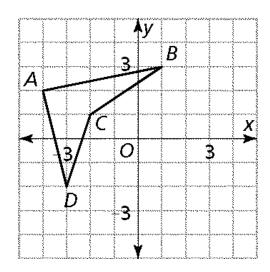
## Part B

On the lines below, explain how the coordinates of A changed to the coordinates of A'.

**3.** Point *A* (3, 6) is rotated  $270^{\circ}$  counterclockwise about the origin, what is the coordinate of *A'*? *Circle the best answer.* 

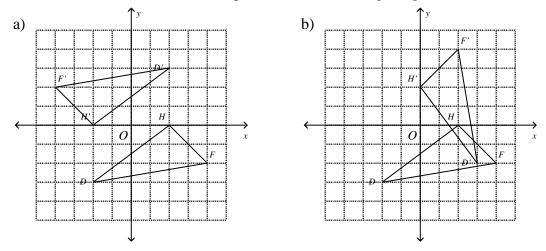
(a) 
$$(-6, 3)$$
(c)  $(6, -3)$ (b)  $(3, 6)$ (d)  $(-3, -6)$ 

4. Draw the final image created by rotating polygon ABCD 90° counterclockwise about the origin and then reflecting the image in the *x*-axis.



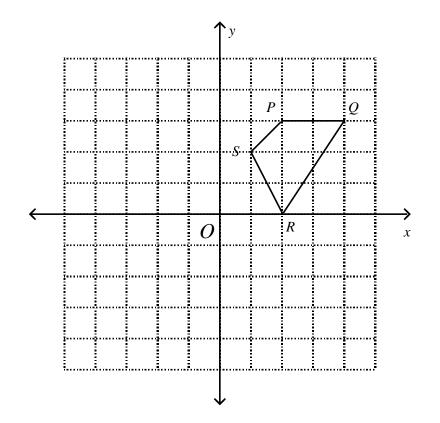
Is the resulting image similar or congruent? How do we know?

5. Determine the transformation that produced the following images:



6. Quadrilateral *PQRS* is plotted on the grid below.

On the graph, draw the image of polygon *PQRS* after a 90° clockwise rotation. Label the image P'Q'R'S'.



What will be the coordinates of point Q " after a dilation of polygon P'Q'R'S' using a scale factor of two?

Answer \_\_\_\_\_